

Floristic Study and Species Diversity of Msallata-Garaboulli Province in Libya

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ABSTRACT

A survey of plant species of Msallata and Garaboulli was taken in between 2017-2018. A total number of 468 different plant taxa have been collected from the study area representing 68 families of which 57 families and 389 species are belonging to dicotyledons, 8 families and 76 species belonging to monocotyledons, and 3 families with one species each belonging to Gymnosperms. The results of this study shows that the dominance of the family Asteraceae with 78 species followed by the family Fabaceae with 59 species, the family Poaceae with 47 species, Brassicaceae with 27 species and Apiaceae with 19 species. Other families such as Liliaceae, Caryophyllaceae, Lamiaceae, Cistaceae, Boraginaceae, Plantaginaceae, and Rubiaceae were represented by 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 10, 10 species respectively. The result have also shown that the genera *Plantago*, and *Silene* are the most sizable genera with 10, 8 species respectively. Lifeform spectrum analysis have shown the predominance of therophytes with 231 species, followed by Hemicryptophytes with 62 species, while chorotype spectrum analysis have shown the dominance of Mediterranean species, followed by Mediterrean/Iranu-Turanean species.

Keyword: Flora, Floristic, Plant diversity, Msallata, Gharaboulli

INTRODUCTION

vascular plant species (excluding Pteridophytes) belonging to 787 genera, and 155 families. While, [1] recorded about 2,118 species belonging to 864 genera and 161 families in Libya, of them 2,088 species, 844 genera and 145 families, are Angiosperms, 15 species of 8 genera and 6 families are Gymnosperms and 15 species of 12 genera and 10 families are Pteridophyta. .

Of which seed plants were characterized by highest number of herbs (annual to perennial), and low number of woody (tree and shrub) species; these have an important influence on the structure of floral composition, the geographic element of the flora was predominantly tropical and Mediterranean [8]. The floristic composition of plants in Libya is still comparatively unknown as far as in-depth ecological and botanical studies [9].

The history of plant exploration in Libya has become the interest of many workers. For example, the most comprehensive floristic studies in Libya was presented as a preliminary checklist of the flora of Libya by [10], and Flora of Libya by [6], furthermore. In addition to that, there were a few regional floristic studies on Msallata district such as biodiversity of the Msallata national reserve [11], and flora of Wadi Gerreem [12]. Since the flora of Msallata and El-Garaboulli has not been studied thoroughly during the work on the flora of Libya (1976-1989). Therefore, the purpose of this survey is to have an exclusive study to its flora.

STUDY AREA

This paper deals mainly with the flora of Msallata and El-Garaboulli Districts, which is located about 60 km., east of Tripoli (Capital) and occupies between. (34° 32' 58.87" N, 02° 14' 20.89" E), and it is ranges between 100- 500 m above the sea level as measured by GPS. The study area is bounded by the sea to the north, El-Gweaa to the west, Al-koms to the east, and Tarnuna to the south (Figure 1). The climate of the study area follows the climate of the Mediterranean region, which is cold & rainy at the winter with an average rainfall, ranges between 100-300 mm annually, and hot & dry at the summer with a mean of 18°C [13].



Figure 1: Shows the study area.

METHODS

A total number of 468 plant specimens were collected in between 2017-2018 upon various field trips. The collected plants were then treated by the usual herbarium procedures including pressing, poisoning, mounting, labeling, and identifying. Collection and Identification of plant species was done by the authors with the aid of the following literatures [6, 10, 14]. Eventually, the identified plant specimens were deposited at the national herbarium, Botany Department, Faculty of Sciences, Tripoli University.

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

The flora of Msallata and Garaboulli represented by 468 different plant taxa belonging to 68 families, 247 genera, and 468 species. Three different plant groups gymnosperms with 3 families and 3 species, dicotyledones with 57 families and 389 species, and monocotyledons with 8 families and 76 species (Table 5). The families Asteraceae, Fabaceae, Poaceae, and Brassicaceae are considered as the most dominant and sizable families with 76, 59, 47 and 27 plant species respectively (Table 1 & figure 2). Other families such as Apiaceae, Liliaceae, Caryophyllaceae, Lamiaceae, and Cistaceae are less dominant and represented by 19, 16, 15, 14 & 13 species respectively. Whereas, the rest of the families are represented by 12 species or less. The results of this study shows that the most dominant genera are *plantago* with 10

species, and *Silene* with 8 specie. Whilst, genera such as *Medicago*, *Erodium*, *Euphorbia*, *Helianthemum* and *Centaurea* are represented by 7 species each. Genera such as *Astragalus*, *Ononis*, *Convolvulus* and *Bupleurum* represented by 6 species each. While, the rest of the genera are represented by 5 species or less (Table 2 & figure 3).

Table 1: Shows dominant families

| Family | No of species |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Asteraceae | 76 |
| Fabaceae | 59 |
| Poaceae | 47 |
| Brassicaceae | 27 |
| Apiaceae | 19 |
| Liliaceae | 16 |
| Caryophyllaceae | 15 |
| Lamiaceae | 14 |
| Cistaceae | 13 |
| Boraginaceae | 12 |
| Plantaginaceae | 10 |
| Rubiaceae | 10 |

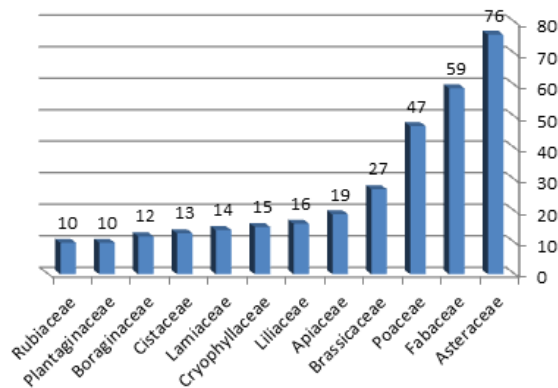


Figure 2: Shows dominant families

Table 2: Shows dominant genera

| Genus | No of species |
|---------------------|---------------|
| <i>Plantago</i> | 10 |
| <i>Silene</i> | 8 |
| <i>Medicago</i> | 7 |
| <i>Helianthemum</i> | 7 |
| <i>Euphorbia</i> | 7 |
| <i>Erodium</i> | 7 |
| <i>Centaurea</i> | 7 |
| <i>Astragalus</i> | 6 |
| <i>Ononis</i> | 6 |
| <i>Convolvulus</i> | 6 |
| <i>Bupleurum</i> | 6 |
| <i>Trifolium</i> | 5 |
| <i>Gallium</i> | 5 |
| <i>Bromus</i> | 5 |

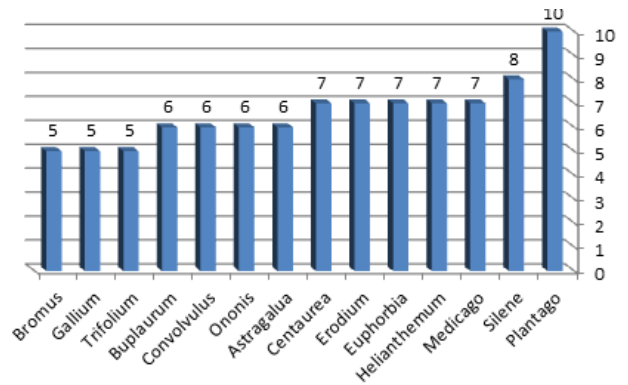


Figure 3: shows dominant genera.

Life form spectrum of species was analyzed according to Raunkiaer system [15] as modified by Govaerts *et al.*, [16]. Such system showed absolute dominance of Therophytes with 302 species, followed by Hemicryptophytes with 62 species, and Geophytes with 44 species, the rest of life forms were less frequent, that Chaemephytes with 27 species, Nanophanerophytes with 23 species, and Phanerophytes with 11 species (Tables 3 and 5) (Fig 4).

Table 3: Shows lifeforms of different species.

| Lifeform | No of species | % |
|-------------------|---------------|-------|
| Therophytes | 302 | 65.5 |
| Hemicryptophytes | 62 | 13.25 |
| Geophytes | 44 | 9.4 |
| Chaemephytes | 27 | 5.5 |
| Nanophanerophytes | 23 | 4.9 |
| Phanerophytes | 11 | 2.35 |

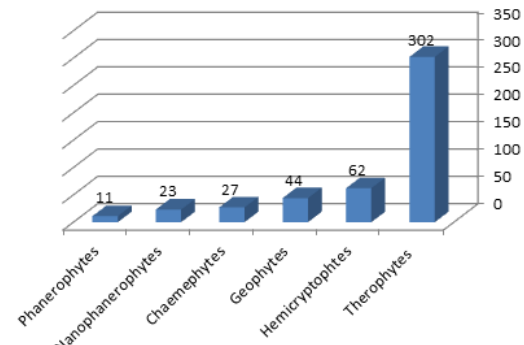


Figure 4: Shows lifeforms of different species.

Chorological spectrum of collected and identified plant species were also analyzed. The results have shown absolute predominance of Mediterranean species with 231 species, followed by Med./ Ir-Tu. species with 101 species, Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si species with 27 species, and Pluriregionl species with 26 species, the rest of chorological spectra were with little frequent as shown in (Tables 4, 5) (Fig 5).

Table 4: Shows number of species and their percentage in chorotypes.

| Chorotype | No of species | % |
|-----------------------|---------------|------|
| Med | 231 | 49.3 |
| Med./ Ir-Tu. | 101 | 21.6 |
| Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. | 27 | 5.8 |
| Plu | 26 | 5.5 |
| Med./ Eur-Si. | 22 | 4.7 |
| Sah-Ar. | 20 | 4.3 |
| Med./ Sah-Ar. | 6 | 1.3 |
| Cos | 5 | 1.0 |
| Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. | 4 | 0.9 |
| Ir-Tu | 3 | 0.7 |

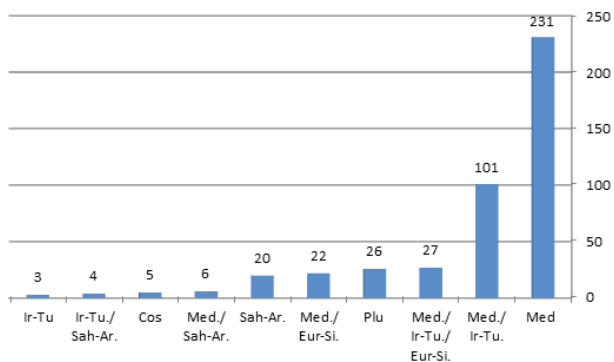


Figure 5: Shows number of species in chorotypes.

The dominance of the families Asteraceae, Fabaceae, Poaceae was expected because such families dominated the Mediterranean climate. In addition to that, these families are cosmopolitan in distribution. Moreover, the dominance of Therophytes and Mediterranean chorotypes agreed with our expectations since the study area falls within the coastal Mediterranean region. The results have also been revealed that the most characteristic features of the flora of Msallata & Garaboulli is that the large number of families recorded in this study, which is close to the half number of the total families in the flora of Libya, this findings indicates that the flora of Msallata-Gharaboulli is rich.

| No | Family | Species | Lifeform | Chorotype |
|-----------------------|----------------|--|----------|-----------------------|
| Gymnosperms | | | | |
| 1 | Cupressaceae | <i>Juniperus phoenicea</i> L. | Ph | Med. |
| 2 | Ephedraceae | <i>Ephedra altissima</i> Desf. | NP | Med. |
| 3 | Pinaceae | <i>Pinus halipensis</i> L. | Ph | Med. |
| Monocotyledons | | | | |
| 4 | Alliaceae | <i>Allium ampeloprasum</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 5 | " | <i>Allium negrianum</i> Maire & Weiller | Geo | Med. |
| 6 | " | <i>Allium nigrum</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 7 | " | <i>Alliumleucanthum</i> C. Koch in L. | Geo | Med. |
| 8 | Amaryllidaceae | <i>Pancartium maritimum</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 9 | " | <i>Panocratium foetidum</i> Pomel. | Geo | Med. |
| 10 | Araceae | <i>Arisarum vulgare</i> Targ. Tozz | Geo | Med. |
| 11 | Cyperaceae | <i>Scirpus holoschoenus</i> L. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 12 | Iridaceae | <i>Gladiolus byzantinus</i> Miller. | Geo | Med. |
| 13 | " | <i>Iris planifolia</i> (Mill.) Durand & Barratte | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 14 | " | <i>Iris sisyrinchium</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 15 | Liliaceae | <i>Androcymbium gramineum</i> (Cav.) Mc Brid | Geo | Med. |
| 16 | " | <i>Asparagus aphyllus</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 17 | " | <i>Asparagus stipularis</i> Forsk. | Geo | Med. |
| 18 | " | <i>Asphodelus aestivus</i> Brot. | Geo | Med. |
| 19 | " | <i>Asphodelus fistulosus</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 20 | " | <i>Asphodelus microcarpus</i> Salzm. & Viv. | Geo | Med. |
| 21 | " | <i>Bellevalia sessiliflora</i> (Viv.)Kunth | Geo | Med. |
| 22 | " | <i>Dipcadi serotinum</i> (L.) Medic. | Geo | Plu. |
| 23 | " | <i>Gagea fibrosa</i> (Desf.) Schult. | Geo | Med. |
| 24 | " | <i>Muscari comosum</i> (L.) Mill. | Geo | Med. |
| 25 | " | <i>Muscari racemosum</i> (L.) Mill. | Geo | Med. |
| 26 | " | <i>Ornithogalum arabicum</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 27 | " | <i>Ornithogalum pyrenaicum</i> L. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 28 | " | <i>Scilla peruviana</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 29 | " | <i>Urginea autumnalis</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 30 | " | <i>Urginea maritima</i> (L.) Baker | Geo | Med. |
| 31 | Orchidaceae | <i>Ophrys speculum</i> Link. | Geo | Med. |
| 32 | " | <i>Orchis coriophora</i> L. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 33 | Poaceae | <i>Aegilops geniculata</i> Roth. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 34 | " | <i>Aegilops Kotschyi</i> Boiss. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 35 | " | <i>Aristida adscensionis</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 36 | " | <i>Avellinia mitchellii</i> | Th | Med. |
| 37 | " | <i>Avena barbata</i> Pott. ex Link. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 38 | " | <i>Avena sterilis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 39 | " | <i>Briza maxima</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 40 | " | <i>Bromus diandrus</i> Roth. | Th | Med. |
| 41 | " | <i>Bromus madritensis</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 42 | " | <i>Bromus molliformis</i> Lloyd. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 43 | " | <i>Bromus rigidus</i> Roth. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |

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|----------------------|---------------|--|-----|-----------------------|
| 44 | " | <i>Bromus rubens</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 45 | " | <i>Catapodium marinum</i> L. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 46 | " | <i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i> L. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 47 | " | <i>Cutandia dichotoma</i> (Forsk) Trabut. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 48 | " | <i>Cutandia maririma</i> (L.) Barbey | Th | Med. |
| 49 | " | <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> (L.) Pers. | Geo | Boreal. Trop. |
| 50 | " | <i>Cynosurus coloratus</i> Lehm. ex Steud. | Th | Med. |
| 51 | " | <i>Cynosurus elegans</i> Desf. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 52 | " | <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 53 | " | <i>Gastridium ventricosum</i> (Gouan.) Schin et Thell. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 54 | " | <i>Hordeum murinum</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 55 | " | <i>Hordeum spontaneum</i> C. Koch. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 56 | " | <i>Hyparrhenia hirta</i> (L.) Stapf | H | Plu. |
| 57 | " | <i>Imperata cylindrica</i> (L.) Reauschel. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 58 | " | <i>Lagurus ovatus</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 59 | " | <i>Lamarckia aurea</i> (L.) Moench | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Sud |
| 60 | " | <i>Lolium loliaceum</i> Bory & Chaub. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 61 | " | <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Lam. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 62 | " | <i>Lolium rigidum</i> Gaud. | Th | Plu. |
| 63 | " | <i>Lophochloa salzmannii</i> Boiss & H. scholz | Th | Med. |
| 64 | " | <i>Lygeum spartum</i> Loefl. ex L. | Geo | Med. |
| 65 | " | <i>Parapholis incurve</i> (L.) C.E. Hubbard | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si |
| 66 | " | <i>Pennisetum divisum</i> (Forsk. ex Gmel.) Hem. | Geo | Sah-Ar. |
| 67 | " | <i>Pennisetum setaceum</i> (Forsk.) Chiov. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Sud. |
| 68 | " | <i>Phalaris minor</i> Retz. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 69 | " | <i>Phragmites australis</i> (Cav.) Trin. ex steud. | Geo | Cos. |
| 70 | " | <i>Piptatherum miliaceum</i> (L.) Coss. | H | Med. |
| 71 | " | <i>Poa annua</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 72 | " | <i>Poa sinaica</i> L. | H | Ir-Tu. |
| 73 | " | <i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i> (L) Desf. | Th | Plu. |
| 74 | " | <i>Psilurus incurvus</i> Gouan. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 75 | " | <i>Stipa barbata</i> Desf. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 76 | " | <i>Stipa capensis</i> Thunb. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. |
| 77 | " | <i>Stipa parviflora</i> Desf. | Geo | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 78 | " | <i>Stipa tenacissima</i> L. | Geo | Med. |
| 79 | " | <i>Trachynia distachya</i> (L.) Link. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| Dicotyledones | | | | |
| 80 | Aizoaceae | <i>Carpobrotus edulis</i> (L.) N. E. Brown in Philip. | Geo | Plu. |
| 81 | Amaranthaceae | <i>Amaranthus blithoides</i> S. Watson. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 82 | Amaranthaceae | <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> L. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si |
| 83 | " | <i>Amaranthus viridis</i> L. | Th | Trop. |
| 84 | Anacardiaceae | <i>Pistacia lentiscus</i> L. | NP | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 85 | " | <i>Rhus tripartita</i> (Ucria.) Grande. | NP | Med. |
| 86 | Apiaceae | <i>Ammi majus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 87 | " | <i>Anethum graveolens</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 88 | " | <i>Bunium fontainesii</i> (Pers.) Maire. | Geo | Med. |
| 89 | " | <i>Bupleurum lancifolium</i> Hornem. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 90 | " | <i>Bupleurum gibraltarium</i> Lam. | Ch | Plu. |
| 91 | " | <i>Bupleurum odontites</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 92 | " | <i>Bupleurum semicoppositum</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 93 | " | <i>Bupleurum trichopodium</i> Boiss. | Th | Med. |
| 94 | " | <i>Daucus capillifolius</i> Gilli. | Th | Med. |
| 95 | " | <i>Daucus jordanicus</i> Bost. | Th | Med./ Sah-Ar. |
| 96 | " | <i>Daucus syrticus</i> Murb. | Th | Med. |
| 97 | " | <i>Ferula tingitana</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 98 | " | <i>Pimpinella peregrina</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 99 | " | <i>Pituranthos tortuosus</i> (Desf.) Benth & Hok. | Ch | Med. |

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|-----|--------------|---|----|-----------------------|
| 100 | " | <i>Scandix australis</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 101 | " | <i>Scandix pecten-veneris</i> L | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 102 | " | <i>Torilis leptophylla</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 103 | " | <i>Torilis nodosa</i> (L.) Gaertn. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 104 | " | <i>Torilis tenella</i> Del. | Th | Med. |
| 105 | Asclepiaceae | <i>Caralluma europaea</i> (Guss.) N.E.Br. | H | Med. |
| 106 | " | <i>Calotropis procera</i> (Ait.) Ait. | NP | Sud./ Sah-Ar. |
| 107 | " | <i>Periploca angustifolia</i> Labill . | NP | Med. |
| 108 | Asteraceae | <i>Amberboa libyca</i> (Viv.)Alavi | Th | Med. |
| 109 | " | <i>Amberboa lippii</i> (L) DC. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 110 | " | <i>Amberboa tubiflora</i> Murb. | Th | Med. |
| 111 | " | <i>Anacyclus clavatus</i> (Desf.) Pers. | Th | Med. |
| 112 | " | <i>Anacyclus monanthos</i> (L.) Thell. | Th | Med. |
| 113 | " | <i>Andryala integrifolia</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 114 | " | <i>Anthemis secundiramea</i> Biv. | Th | Med. |
| 115 | " | <i>Artemisia campestris</i> L. | H | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 116 | " | <i>Asteriscus pygmaeus</i> DC. | Th | Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. |
| 117 | " | <i>Atractylis cadruus</i> (Forsk.) Christ in Dansk. | H | Sah-Ar. |
| 118 | " | <i>Atractylis cancellata</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 119 | " | <i>Atractylis serrata</i> Pomel | Th | Med. |
| 120 | " | <i>Atractylis serratuloides</i> Sieb. ex Cass. | H | Sah-Ar. |
| 121 | " | <i>Bombycilaena discolor</i> Pers . | Th | Med. |
| 122 | " | <i>Calendula arvensis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 123 | " | <i>Carduncellus pinnatus</i> (Desf.) DC. | H | Med. |
| 124 | " | <i>Carduus argentatus</i> Durieu in Duchartre. | Th | Med. |
| 125 | " | <i>Carduus getulus</i> Pomel | Th | Sah-Ar |
| 126 | " | <i>Carlina involucrata</i> Boint . | Th | Med. |
| 127 | " | <i>Carlina sicula</i> Ten. | Th | Med. |
| 128 | " | <i>Carthamus lanatus</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 129 | " | <i>Centaurea africana</i> Lam. | H | Med. |
| 130 | " | <i>Centaurea alexandrina</i> Delile | Th | Med. |
| 131 | " | <i>Centaurea dimorpha</i> Viv. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 132 | " | <i>Centaurea glomerata</i> Vahl. | Th | Med. |
| 133 | " | <i>Centaurea maroccana</i> Ball. | Th | Med. |
| 134 | " | <i>Centaurea melitensis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 135 | " | <i>Centaurea sphaerocephala</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 136 | " | <i>Chamomilla aurea</i> Loefl | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 137 | " | <i>Chrysanthemum carinatum</i> Schousboe | Th | Med./ Eur-Si |
| 138 | " | <i>Chrysanthemum coronarium</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 139 | " | <i>Cichorium pumilum</i> Jacq | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 140 | " | <i>Conyza aegyptiaca</i> (L.)Dryander | Th | Med. |
| 141 | " | <i>Conyza bonariensis</i> L | Th | Med. |
| 142 | " | <i>Conyza canadensis</i> L | Th | Cos. |
| 143 | " | <i>Crepis libyca</i> Pamp. | H | Med. |
| 144 | " | <i>Crepis senecioides</i> Delile. | Th | Med. |
| 145 | " | <i>Crepis vesicaria</i> L. | H | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 146 | " | <i>Crupina crupinastrum</i> (Moris) Vis. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 147 | " | <i>Cynara cardunculus</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 148 | " | <i>Echinops galalensis</i> Schweinf. | H | Med. |
| 149 | " | <i>Echinops hirsutissimus</i> Turra. | H | Med. |
| 150 | " | <i>Filago desertorum</i> Pomel | Th | Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. |
| 151 | " | <i>Filago pyramidata</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 152 | " | <i>Hedypnois cretica</i> (L.) Dum.-Courset | Th | Med. |
| 153 | " | <i>Helichrysum stoechas</i> (L.)Moench | H | Med. |
| 154 | " | <i>Hyoseris scabra</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 155 | " | <i>Hypochoeris achyrophorus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 156 | " | <i>Hypochoeris glabra</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 157 | " | <i>Koelpinia linearis</i> Pallas. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 158 | " | <i>Launaea nudicaulis</i> L. | H | Sah-Ar./ Sud. /Ir-Tu. |
| 159 | " | <i>Launaea procumbens</i> Roxb. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |

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|-----|--------------|---|-----|-----------------------|
| 160 | " | <i>Launaea resedifolia</i> (L.) O. Kuntze | H | Med. |
| 161 | " | <i>Leontodon hispidulus</i> Delile. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 162 | " | <i>Leontodon simplex</i> (Viv.) Widder | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 163 | " | <i>Leontodon tuberosus</i> L | H | Med. |
| 164 | " | <i>Nolletia chrysocomides</i> Desf. | H | Med. |
| 165 | " | <i>Notobasis syriaca</i> (L.) Cass. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 166 | " | <i>Onopordum confusum</i> Pamp. | H | Med. |
| 167 | " | <i>Onopordum espiniae</i> Cosson exBonnet | H | Med. |
| 168 | " | <i>Pallenis spinosa</i> (L.) Cass. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 169 | " | <i>Phagnalon rupestre</i> (L.) DC. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 170 | " | <i>Picris asplenoides</i> L. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 171 | " | <i>Reichardia tingitana</i> (L.)Roth | Th | Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. |
| 172 | " | <i>Rhagadiolus stellatus</i> (L.)Gaertner | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 173 | " | <i>Scorzonera undulata</i> Vahl | Geo | Med. |
| 174 | " | <i>Senecio gallicus</i> Chiax | Th | Med. |
| 175 | " | <i>Silybum marianum</i> (L.) Gaertner | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si |
| 176 | " | <i>Sonchus asper</i> (L.)Hill | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 177 | " | <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> L. | Th | Cos. |
| 178 | " | <i>Sonchus tenerrimus</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Sud. |
| 179 | " | <i>Tripleurospermum trifuscatum</i> (Desf.) Schultz | Th | Med. |
| 180 | " | <i>Urospermum delachampii</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 181 | " | <i>Urospermum picroides</i> (L.) Scop. Ex Schmidt. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 182 | " | <i>Verbasina encelioides</i> (Cav.) Benth. & Hook. | Th | Americas |
| 183 | " | <i>Xanthium spinosum</i> L | Th | Boreal-Trop. |
| 184 | Boraginaceae | <i>Alkanna tinctoria</i> (L.) Tausch. | H | Med. |
| 185 | " | <i>Arnebia decumbens</i> Vent. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 186 | " | <i>Buglossoides tenuiflora</i> (L.f.) I.M. Johnst. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 187 | " | <i>Cynoglossum cheirifolium</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 188 | " | <i>Echiochilon fruticosum</i> Desf. | Ch | Med. |
| 189 | " | <i>Echium angustifolium</i> Mill. | H | Med. |
| 190 | " | <i>Echium humile</i> Desf. | H | Med. |
| 191 | " | <i>Elizaldia calycina</i> Roem. | Th | Med. |
| 192 | " | <i>Heliotropium europaeum</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 193 | " | <i>Lappula spinocarpos</i> Forsk. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 194 | " | <i>Neatostema apulum</i> (L.) I.M. Johnst. | Th | Med. |
| 195 | " | <i>Nonea micrantha</i> Boiss. & Reuter | Th | Med. |
| 196 | Brassicaceae | <i>Biscutella didyma</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 197 | " | <i>Brassica tournefortii</i> Gouan. | Th | Med./ Sah-Ar. |
| 198 | " | <i>Cakile aegyptiaca</i> (L.) Willd. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 199 | " | <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> (L.) Medik. | Th | Plu. |
| 200 | " | <i>Cardaria draba</i> L .Desv. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 201 | " | <i>Carrichtera annua</i> (L.) DC. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 202 | " | <i>Clypeola jonthlaspi</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 203 | " | <i>Didesmus aegyptius</i> L & Desv. | Th | Med. |
| 204 | " | <i>Didesmus bipinnatus</i> (Desf.) DC. | Th | Med. |
| 205 | " | <i>Diplotaxis harra</i> (Forsk.)Boiss. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 206 | " | <i>Diplotaxis muralis</i> (L.) DC. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 207 | " | <i>Enarthrocarpus clavatus</i> Del. ex Godr. | Th | Med. |
| 208 | " | <i>Eruca longirostris</i> Uechtr. | Th | Med. |
| 209 | " | <i>Eruca sativa</i> Mill. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 210 | " | <i>Eurcaria microcarpa</i> Boiss. | Th | Med./ Sah-Ar. |
| 211 | " | <i>Lepidium sativum</i> L | Th | Plu. |
| 212 | " | <i>Lobularia libyca</i> (Viv.) Meisner. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 213 | " | <i>Lobularia maritima</i> L & Desv. | H | Med. |
| 214 | " | <i>Lonchophora kralikii</i> Pomel | Th | Med. |
| 215 | " | <i>Matthiola longipetala</i> (Vent.) DC. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 216 | " | <i>Matthiola parviflora</i> (Schousbe.) R.Br. In Ait. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 217 | " | <i>Rapistrum rugosum</i> (L.) All. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 218 | " | <i>Sinapis alba</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 219 | " | <i>Sinapis flexuosa</i> Poir. | Th | Med. |

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| 220 | " | <i>Sinapis pubescens</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 221 | " | <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i> Desf. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 222 | " | <i>Sisymbrium irio</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 223 | Cactaceae | <i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i> (L.) Mill. | NP | Med./ Trop. |
| 224 | Caesalpiniaceae | <i>Ceratonia siliqua</i> L. | Ph | Med. |
| 225 | Capparaceae | <i>Capparis spinosa</i> L. | NP | Med. |
| 226 | Caryophyllaceae | <i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 227 | " | <i>Cerastium glomeratum</i> Thuill. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 228 | " | <i>Cerastium pumilum</i> Curtis. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 229 | " | <i>Minuartia hybrida</i> Vill. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 230 | " | <i>Polycarpon tetraphyllum</i> L. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 231 | " | <i>Silene apetala</i> Willd. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 232 | " | <i>Silene behen</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 233 | " | <i>Silene cerastioides</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 234 | " | <i>Silene colorata</i> Poir. | Th | Med. |
| 235 | " | <i>Silene gallica</i> L. | Th | Cos. |
| 236 | " | <i>Silene tridentata</i> Desf. | Th | Med. |
| 237 | " | <i>Silene villosa</i> Forsk. | Th | Med. |
| 238 | " | <i>Silene viviani</i> Teud. | Th | Med. |
| 239 | " | <i>Spergularia bocconii</i> (Sol.) Ash et Grbn. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 240 | " | <i>Spergularia diandra</i> (Guss.) Heldr. & Sart. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 241 | Chenopodiaceae | <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 242 | " | <i>Chenopodium album</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 243 | " | <i>Chenopodium murale</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 244 | " | <i>Salsola kali</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 245 | Cistaceae | <i>Cistus parviflorus</i> Lam. | Ch | Med. |
| 246 | " | <i>Cistus salvifolius</i> L. | Ch | Med. |
| 247 | " | <i>Fumana arabica</i> (L.) Spach. | Ch | Med. |
| 248 | " | <i>Fumana laevipes</i> (L.) Spach. | Ch | Med. |
| 249 | " | <i>Fumana themifolia</i> (L.) Spach ex Webb. | Ch | Med. |
| 250 | " | <i>Helianthemum hirtum</i> L. | Ch | Med. |
| 251 | " | <i>Helianthemum kahiricum</i> Delile. | Ch | Med. |
| 252 | " | <i>Helianthemum ledifolium</i> L. Mill. | Th | Med. |
| 253 | " | <i>Helianthemum lippii</i> (L.) Dum. | Ch | Med. |
| 254 | " | <i>Helianthemum salicifolium</i> (L.) Mille,r | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 255 | " | <i>Helianthemum stipulatum</i> Forsk. | Ch | Med. |
| 256 | " | <i>Helianthemum virgatum</i> (Desf). Pers. | Ch | Med. |
| 257 | " | <i>Tuberaria guttata</i> (L.) Fourr. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 258 | Convolvulaceae | <i>Convolvulus altheoides</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 259 | " | <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> L. | Geo | Plu. |
| 260 | " | <i>Convolvulus dorycnium</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 261 | " | <i>Convolvulus oleifolius</i> Desr. in Lam. | Ch | Med. |
| 262 | " | <i>Convolvulus siculus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 263 | " | <i>Convolvulus supinus</i> Coss. | Th | Med. |
| 264 | Coridaceae | <i>Coris monspeliensis</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 265 | Crassulaceae | <i>Crassula alata</i> (Viv) Berg. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 266 | " | <i>Sedum album</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 267 | " | <i>Sedum sediforme</i> (Jacq.) Pau | H | Med. |
| 268 | " | <i>Umbilicus horizontalis</i> (Guss.) DC. | H | Med. |
| 269 | " | <i>Umbilicus rupestris</i> Salisb | H | Med. |
| 270 | Cucurbitaceae | <i>Bryonia cretica</i> L. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 271 | " | <i>Citrullus colocynthis</i> (L.) Schrad. | H | Sah-Ar. |
| 272 | Cuscutaceae | <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i> Ten. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 273 | Dipsacaceae | <i>Scabiosa arenaria</i> Forsk. | Th | Med. |
| 274 | " | <i>Scabiosa monspeliensis</i> Jacq. | Th | Med. |
| 275 | Euphorbiaceae | <i>Chrozophora obliqua</i> (Vahl.) Juss. Ex Spreng | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 276 | " | <i>Crozophora tinctoria</i> (L.) Juss. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 277 | " | <i>Euphorbia bivonae</i> Steud. | Ch | Med. |
| 278 | " | <i>Euphorbia exigua</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 279 | " | <i>Euphorbia falcata</i> L. | Th | Trop. |

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| 280 | " | <i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i> L. | Th | Plu. |
| 281 | " | <i>Euphorbia parvula</i> Delile. | Th | Med. |
| 282 | " | <i>Euphorbia peplus</i> L. | Th | Sud. |
| 283 | " | <i>Euphorbia terracina</i> L. | H | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 284 | " | <i>Mercurialis annua</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 285 | " | <i>Ricinus communis</i> L. | NP | Sud. |
| 286 | Fabaceae | <i>Anagyris foetida</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 287 | " | <i>Anthyllis tetraphylla</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 288 | " | <i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 289 | " | <i>Argyrolobium uniflorum</i> (Decne.) Jaub. & Spach | Ch | Med. |
| 290 | " | <i>Astragalus asterias</i> Stev. ex Ledeb. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 291 | " | <i>Astragalus caprinus</i> L. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 292 | " | <i>Astragalus hamosus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 293 | " | <i>Astragalus sinaicus</i> Boiss | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 294 | " | <i>Astragalus stella</i> Gouan. | Th | Med. |
| 295 | " | <i>Astragalus tribuloides</i> Del. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 296 | " | <i>Calicotome villosa</i> (Poir.) Link. | NP | Med. |
| 297 | " | <i>Coronilla repanda</i> (Poir.) Guss | Th | Med. |
| 298 | " | <i>Coronilla scorpioides</i> L. & Koch. | Th | Med. |
| 299 | " | <i>Ebenus pinnata</i> Ait. & Hort. | H | Med. |
| 300 | " | <i>Genista acanthocalda</i> DC. | NP | Med. |
| 301 | " | <i>Genista microcephala</i> Coss. & Dur. | NP | Med. |
| 302 | " | <i>Hedysarum spinosissimum</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 303 | " | <i>Hippocrepis bicontorta</i> Lois. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 304 | " | <i>Hippocrepis ciliata</i> Willd | Th | Med. |
| 305 | " | <i>Hippocrepis multisiliquosa</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 306 | " | <i>Hippocrepis scabra</i> DC | H | Med. |
| 307 | " | <i>Hymenocarpus circinatus</i> (L.) Savi. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 308 | " | <i>Lathyrus cicera</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 309 | " | <i>Lotus cytisoides</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 310 | " | <i>Lotus edulis</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 311 | " | <i>Lotus halophilus</i> Boiss. | Th | Med. |
| 312 | " | <i>Lotus ornithopodioides</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 313 | " | <i>Medicago coronata</i> (L.) Bart. | Th | Med. |
| 314 | " | <i>Medicago laciniata</i> L. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 315 | " | <i>Medicago littoralis</i> Rohde. ex Lois. | Th | Med. |
| 316 | " | <i>Medicago minima</i> (L.) Bart. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 317 | " | <i>Medicago polymorpha</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 318 | " | <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 319 | " | <i>Medicago tornata</i> (L.) Mill. | Th | Med. |
| 320 | " | <i>Melilotus indicus</i> (L.) All. | Th | Med. |
| 321 | " | <i>Melilotus sulcatus</i> Desf. | Th | Med. |
| 322 | " | <i>Ononis natrix</i> L. | Ch | Med. |
| 323 | " | <i>Ononis ornithopodioides</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 324 | " | <i>Ononis reclinata</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 325 | " | <i>Ononis serrata</i> Forsk. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 326 | " | <i>Ononis sicula</i> Guss. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 327 | " | <i>Ononis viscosa</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 328 | " | <i>Psoralea bituminosa</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 329 | " | <i>Retama raetam</i> (Forsk.) Webb | NP | Sah-Ar. |
| 330 | " | <i>Scorpiurus muricatus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 331 | " | <i>Scorpiurus subvillosus</i> (L.) Lam | Th | Med. |
| 332 | " | <i>Spartidium saharae</i> (Coss. et Dur.) Pomel. | NP | Sah-Ar. |
| 333 | " | <i>Tetragonolobus purpureus</i> Moench | Th | Med. |
| 334 | " | <i>Trifolium campestre</i> Schreb. | Th | Med. |
| 335 | " | <i>Trifolium cherleri</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 336 | " | <i>Trifolium scabrum</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 337 | " | <i>Trifolium stellatum</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 338 | " | <i>Trifolium tomentosum</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 339 | " | <i>Trigonella stellata</i> Forsk. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |

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| 340 | " | <i>Vicia laxiflora</i> Brot. | Th | Med. |
| 341 | " | <i>Vicia lutea</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 342 | " | <i>Vicia monantha</i> Retz. | Th | Med. |
| 343 | " | <i>Vicia sativa</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si.. |
| 344 | " | <i>Vicia villosa</i> Roth. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 345 | Fumariaceae | <i>Fumaria gaillardotii</i> Boiss | Th | Med. |
| 346 | " | <i>Fumaria parviflora</i> Lam. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 347 | " | <i>Fumaria vaillantii</i> Lois. | Th | Plu. |
| 348 | Gentianaceae | <i>Centaurium pulchellum</i> (Swartz.) Druce. | Th | Med. |
| 349 | Geraniaceae | <i>Erodium arborescens</i> Desf. | H | Sah-Ar. |
| 350 | " | <i>Erodium cicutarium</i> L | Th | Med. |
| 351 | " | <i>Erodium glaucophyllum</i> (L.) L 'Herit. | H | Sah-Ar. |
| 352 | " | <i>Erodium hirtum</i> (Frorsk.) Will. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 353 | " | <i>Erodium laciniatum</i> (Cav.) Willd. | Th | Med. |
| 354 | " | <i>Erodium malacoides</i> (L.) L Her. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 355 | " | <i>Erodium moschatum</i> (L.) L Her. | Th | Med. |
| 356 | " | <i>Geranium molle</i> L. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si |
| 357 | Globulariaceae | <i>Globularia alypum</i> L. | Ch | Med. |
| 358 | Hypocoaceae | <i>Hypocoum geslini</i> Coss. et Kral. | Th | Med. |
| 359 | " | <i>Hypocoum procumbens</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 361 | Illcebraceae | <i>Gymnocarpos decander</i> Forsk. | Ch | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 360 | " | <i>Herniaria cinerea</i> DC. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 362 | " | <i>Herniaria fontanesii</i> J.Gay in Duch. | H | Med. |
| 363 | " | <i>Herniaria hemistemon</i> J.Gay in Duch. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 364 | " | <i>Paronychia arabica</i> (L.) DC. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 365 | " | <i>Paronychia capitata</i> (L.) Lamk. | H | Med. |
| 366 | Lamiaceae | <i>Ajuga iva</i> (L.) Schreber | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 367 | " | <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 368 | " | <i>Lavandula multifida</i> L. | Ch | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 369 | " | <i>Marrubium alysson</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 370 | " | <i>Marrubium vulgare</i> L. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 371 | " | <i>Micromeria nervosa</i> (Desf.) Benth. | Ch | Med. |
| 372 | " | <i>Prasium majus</i> L. | NP | Med. |
| 373 | " | <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i> L. | Ch | Med. |
| 374 | " | <i>Salvia lanigera</i> Poir. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 375 | " | <i>Salvia verbenaca</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 376 | " | <i>Sideritis montana</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 377 | " | <i>Teucrium polium</i> L. | Ch | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 378 | " | <i>Thymus algeriensis</i> Boiss | Ch | Med. |
| 379 | " | <i>Thymus capitatus</i> (L.) Hoffm. & Link | Ch | Med. |
| 380 | Linaceae | <i>Linum bienne</i> Mill. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 381 | " | <i>Linum strictum</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 382 | " | <i>Linum trigynum</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 383 | " | <i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L | Th | Med. |
| 384 | Malvaceae | <i>Malva aegyptia</i> L | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 385 | " | <i>Malva parviflora</i> L. | Th | Med./ Eur-Si. |
| 386 | " | <i>Malva sylvestris</i> L. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 387 | Mimosaceae | <i>Acacia cyanophylla</i> Lindley. | Ph | Ir-Tu. |
| 388 | " | <i>Acacia karroo</i> Hayne | Ph | Plu. |
| 389 | " | <i>Acacia nolitica</i> (L.) Delile. | Ph | Plu. |
| 390 | Moraceae | <i>Ficus carica</i> L. | Ph | Med. |
| 391 | Myrtaceae | <i>Eucalyptus cosmophylla</i> F. muell. | Ph | Australia. |
| 392 | " | <i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i> DC. | Ph | Australia. |
| 393 | " | <i>Eucalyptus leucoxydon</i> F. Muell. In Trans. | Ph | Australia. |
| 394 | Oleaceae | <i>Olea europaea</i> L. | Ph | Med. |
| 395 | Oxaidaceae | <i>Oxalis articulata</i> S avigny | Geo | Plu. |
| 396 | " | <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i> L. | Geo | Plu. |
| 397 | Papaveraceae | <i>Papaver hybridum</i> L | Th | Med. |
| 398 | " | <i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 399 | Plantaginaceae | <i>Plantago afra</i> L | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |

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| 400 | " | <i>Plantago albicans</i> L. | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 401 | " | <i>Plantago amplexicaulis</i> Cav. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 402 | " | <i>Plantago arenaria</i> Walds.t & Kit. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 403 | " | <i>Plantago coronopus</i> L | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 404 | " | <i>Plantago lagopus</i> L | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 405 | " | <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> L | H | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. |
| 406 | " | <i>Plantago notata</i> Lag | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 407 | " | <i>Plantago ovata</i> Forskal | H | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 408 | " | <i>Plantago phaeostoma</i> Boiss. | Th | Med. |
| 409 | Plumbaginaceae | <i>Limonium echioides</i> L. Mill. | Th | Med. |
| 410 | " | <i>Limonium thouinii</i> Viv. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 411 | Polygonaceae | <i>Emex spinosus</i> L | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 412 | " | <i>Polygonum equisetiforme</i> Sibth. | Ch | Plu. |
| 413 | " | <i>Rumex bucephalophorus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 414 | " | <i>Rumex tingitanus</i> L. | Th | Ir-Tu. |
| 415 | " | <i>Rumex vesicarius</i> L. | Th | Sah-Ar. |
| 416 | Portulacaceae | <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 417 | Primulaceae | <i>Anagallis arvensis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 418 | " | <i>Anagallis monelli</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 419 | " | <i>Asterolinon linum-stellatum</i> L. Duby in DC. | Th | Med. |
| 420 | Ranunculaceae | <i>Adonis dentata</i> Delile. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 421 | " | <i>Adonis aestivalis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 422 | " | <i>Adonis microcarpa</i> DC | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 423 | " | <i>Delphinium halteratum</i> Sibth. & Smith. | Th | Med. |
| 424 | " | <i>Nigella arvensis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 425 | " | <i>Nigella damascena</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 426 | " | <i>Ranunculus asiaticus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 427 | " | <i>Ranunculus bullatus</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 428 | Resedaceae | <i>Reseda alba</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 429 | Rhamnaceae | <i>Rhamnus alaternus</i> L. | NP | Med. |
| 430 | " | <i>Ziziphus lotus</i> (L.) Lam. | NP | Med./ Sud. |
| 431 | Rosaceae | <i>Sanguisorba minor</i> Scop. | Th | Med. |
| 432 | Rubiaceae | <i>Callipeltis cucullaris</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 433 | " | <i>Crucianella aegyptiaca</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 434 | " | <i>Galium aparine</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 435 | " | <i>Galium murale</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 436 | " | <i>Galium setaceum</i> Lam. | Th | Med. |
| 437 | " | <i>Galium tricornerutum</i> Dandy. | Th | Med. |
| 438 | " | <i>Galium verrucosum</i> Huds. | Th | Med. |
| 439 | " | <i>Sherardia arvensis</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 440 | " | <i>Valantia hispida</i> L. | Th | Med. |
| 441 | " | <i>Valantia lanata</i> Delile. | Th | Med. |
| 442 | Rutaceae | <i>Ruta chalepensis</i> L. | Th | Ir-Tu./ Sah-Ar. |
| 443 | Santalaceae | <i>Thesium humile</i> Vahl | Th | Med. |
| 444 | Sapindaceae | <i>Dodonea viscosa</i> (L.) Jacq. | NP | Plu. |
| 445 | Scrophulariaceae | <i>Kickxia egyptiaca</i> L | H | Med./ Sah-Ar. |
| 446 | " | <i>Linaria simplex</i> Desf. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si. |
| 447 | " | <i>Linaria tarhunensis</i> Pamp. | Th | Med. |
| 448 | " | <i>Linaria tenuis</i> (Viv.) Sperng. | Th | Med./ Sah-Ar. |
| 449 | " | <i>Misopates orontium</i> L. & Rafin. | Th | Med. |
| 450 | " | <i>Scrophularia arguta</i> Ait. | Th | Med./ Sah-Ar. |
| 451 | Solanaceae | <i>Lycium europaeum</i> L. | NP | Med. |
| 452 | " | <i>Lycium shawii</i> Roemer & Schultes. | NP | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 453 | " | <i>Lycium showeinfurthii</i> Dammer in Bot. | NP | Med. |
| 454 | " | <i>Nicotiana glauca</i> R. C. Graham. | NP | Plu. |
| 455 | " | <i>Solanum nigrum</i> L. | Th | Cos. |
| 456 | Tamaricaceae | <i>Tamarix aphylla</i> Graham. | NP | Sud./ Sah-Ar. |
| 457 | Urticaceae | <i>Parietaria mauritanica</i> Durieu. | Th | Med. |
| 458 | " | <i>Urtica pilulifera</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Eur-Si |
| 459 | " | <i>Urtica urens</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |

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|-----|----------------|--|----|---------------------|
| 460 | Valerianaceae | <i>Centranthus calcitrapa</i> (L.) Dufrense. | Th | Med. |
| 461 | " | <i>Valerianella chlorodonata</i> Cosson . | Th | Med. |
| 462 | " | <i>Valerianella discoidea</i> (L.) Loisel. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 463 | " | <i>Valerianella petrovichii</i> Asherson. | Th | Med. |
| 464 | Verbinaceae | <i>Lantana camara</i> L. | NP | Med./ Ir-Tu./ Trop. |
| 465 | Zygophyllaceae | <i>Fagonia cretica</i> L. | H | Med. |
| 466 | " | <i>Fagonia tenuifolia</i> Steud. & Hochst. | H | Sah-Ar. |
| 467 | " | <i>Peganum harmala</i> L. | Th | Med./ Ir-Tu. |
| 468 | " | <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> L. | Th | Plu. |

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